Genomic DNA Extraction Kit (Blood / Cultured Cell / Bacteria)

For research use only

Sample: up to 300 µl of whole blood, 200 µl of buffy coat, 10^7mammalian cells, 5×10^7 fungus cells and 10^9 bacterial cells

Yield : up to 50 µg

Introduction

This BioDiamond Genomic DNA Extraction Kit (Cultured Cell/Blood) was designed specifically for genomic DNA isolation from whole blood, frozen blood, buffy coat, cultured animal/bacterial cells and fungal cells. Its unique buffer system ensures genomic DNA with high yield and good quality from samples while the spin column purifies and concentrates genomic DNA products previously isolated with the buffer system. The entire procedure can be completed in 1 hour without phenol/chloroform extraction needs. Purified genomic DNA is suitable for use in PCR or other enzymatic reactions.

Kit Contents

Catalog No.	DMGBA100	DMGBA300
CR Buffer	100 ml	100 ml × 3
CC Buffer	35 ml	95 ml
CB Buffer	45 ml	125 ml
W1 Buffer	45 ml	125 ml
W2 Buffer (Add Ethanol)	15 ml (60 ml)	25 ml × 2 (100 ml × 2)
EL Buffer	10 ml	30 ml
CC Columns	100 pcs	300 pcs
Collection Tubes	100 pcs	300 pcs

Quality Control

In accordance with FairBiotech's ISO-certified Total Quality Management System, the quality of the BiodIAMOND Genomic DNA Extraction Kit (Cultured cell/ Blood) tested on a lot-to-lot basis to ensure consistent product quality.

Additional requirements

∗microcentrifuge tubes

∗ absolute ethanol

∗RNase A (10 mg/ml)

∗ For Gram-positive bacteria samples: lysozyme buffer (20 mg/ml lysozyme; 20 mM Tris-HCl; 2 mM EDTA; 1% TritonX-100; pH 8.0, prepare the lysozyme buffer immediately prior to use)

∗ For Fungus samples: lyticase or zymolase, sorbitol buffer (1.2 M sorbitol;10 mM $CaCl_2$; 0.1 M Tris-HCl pH 7.5; 35 mM mercaptoethanol)

NOTE

★ Add ethanol (96–100%) to Buffer W2, **shake before use** (see bottle label for volume).

★ Check Buffers before use for salt precipitation. Redissolve any precipitate by warming to 37°C.

★ Buffers W1 contain irritants. Wear gloves when handling these buffers.

Protocol

Step 1 Sample Cells Harvesting

Fresh whole Blood or Buffy Coat

◆ Collect blood in EDTA-Na_2 treated collection tubes (or other anticoagulant mixtures).

◆ Transfer up to **300 µl of blood** or **200 µl of buffy coat** to a sterile1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Add **900 µl of CR Buffer** and mix by inversion.

◆ Incubate the tube at room temperature for 10 minutes (invert twice during incubation).

◆ Centrifuge for 5 minutes at 4,000 x g. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **50 µl of CR Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down.

Cultured Mammalian Cells

◆ Transfer cultured mammalian cells (up to 10^7) to a sterile 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Centrifuge at 6,000 x g for 1 minute. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **50 µl of CR Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down.

Gram-Negative Bacterial Cells

◆ Transfer cultured bacterial cells (up to 10^9) to a sterile 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Centrifuge at 12,000 x g for 1 minute. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **50 µl of CR Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down.

Gram-Postive Bacterial Cells

◆ Transfer cultured bacterial cells (up to 10^9) to a sterile 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Centrifuge at 12,000 x g for 1 minute. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **100 µl of lysozyme Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down. Incubate at 37ºC for 30 minutes.

Fungus Cells

◆ Transfer fungus cells (up to 10^8) to a sterile 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Centrifuge at 6,000 x g for 5 minute. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **600 µl of sorbitol Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down.

◆ Add **200 U of lyticase or zymolase**. Incubate at 30ºC for 30 minutes.

◆ Centrifuge the mixture for 10 minutes at 2,000 x g to harvest the spheroplast. **Remove the supernatant completely** and resuspend the cells in **50 µl of CR Buffer** by pipetting the pellet up and down.

Step 2 Lysis

◆ Add **300 µl of CC Buffer** to the resuspended cells from Step 1 and mix by vortex.

◆ Incubate at 60ºC for 10 minutes or until the sample lysate is clear. During incubation, invert the tube every 3 minutes. #Pre-heat the Elution Buffer to 60ºC for Step 6 DNA Elution.

Optional Step:

RNA Degradation (If RNA-free genomic DNA is required, perform this optional step.)

◆ Add 5 µl of RNase A (10 mg/ml) to the sample lysate and mix by vortex. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.

Step 3 Protein Removal

◆ Add **400 µl of CB Buffer** to the sample from **Step 2** and shake vigorously.

◆ Centrifuge at 12,000 x g for 1 minute. (Do not go over 1 minute)

Step 4 DNA Binding

◆ Place a **CC Column** in a **2 ml Collection Tube**.

◆ **Transfer the clear supernatant completely** from the previous step to the **CC Column**.

◆ Centrifuge at 14,000 x g for 30 seconds.

◆ Discard the flow-through and place the **CC Column** back in the **2 ml Collection Tube**.

Step 5 Wash

◆ Add **400 µl of W1 Buffer** into the **CC Column**. Centrifuge at 14,000 x g for 30 seconds.

◆ Discard the flow-through and place the **CC Column** back into the same **Collection tube**.

◆ Add **600 µl of W2 Buffer** (Ethanol added) into the **CC Column**. Centrifuge at 14,000 x g for 30 seconds.

◆ Discard the flow-through and place the **CC Column** back into the same **Collection tube.**

◆ Centrifuge at 14,000 x g again for 2 minutes to remove residual **W2 Buffer**.

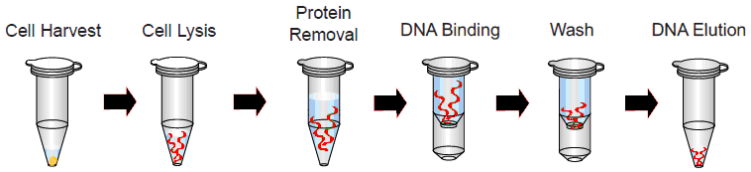
Step 6 DNA Elution

◆ Transfer the dried **CC Column** to a new 1.5 ml microcentrifuge tube.

◆ Add **50-200 µl of Pre-Heated EL Buffer** or TE into the center of the column matrix.

◆ Let stand at 60ºC for 3 minutes.

◆ Centrifuge for 2 minutes at 14,000 x g to elute the purified DNA.



Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution
Low yield of DNA	Incompletely lysed sample	Decrease the sample amount prior to use.
	Ethanol not added	Add absolute ethanol (see the bottle label for volume) to the W2 Buffer prior to use.
	Buffer EL pH is too low	Check the pH.
	Buffer EL not pre-heated to 60°C	Pre-heat the Elution Buffer to 60°C prior to use.
DNA degradation	Sample not fresh	Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles of the sample. Use a new sample for DNA isolation. Perform the extraction using fresh materials whenever possible.
	Inappropriate sample storage conditions	Store bacteria at -20°C until use. Whole blood can be stored at 4°C for no longer than 3~5 days.
	DNase contaminantion	Maintain a sterile environment while working (e.g. wear gloves and use DNase-free reagents).
Inhibition of downstream enzymatic reactions	Purified DNA containing residual ethanol	If residual solution is seen in the purification column after washing the column with Buffer W2, empty the collection tube and re-spin the column for an additional 1 min. at the maximum speed (≥12000 x g).
	Purified DNA contains residual salt	Use the Wash Buffers in their correct order. Always wash the purification column with Buffer W1 first and then proceed to the wash step with Buffer W2.

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